

DATA RETENTION & DISPOSAL POLICY

1. Policy Statement

- 1.1. The Society is mindful of the rights and obligations established by the **General Data Protection Regulation 2016** and the **Data Protection Act 2018** (hereinafter together "the Applicable Legislation") in relation to the management and processing of personal data and special category data, as defined under the Applicable Legislation.
- 1.2. The Society will ensure that personal data is kept no longer than is necessary and will retain the minimum amount of personal data in order to comply with its legal and regulatory obligations, and to carry out its business.
- 1.3. This Policy should be read in conjunction with our **Data Protection Policy**, as well as other relevant Society's policies and procedures concerning the processing of personal data, all of which are available on Colleagues Connect or, alternatively, by contacting the Society's **Data Protection Manager (DPM)**¹ by email on Data-Protection@midcounties.coop.

2. Introduction

- 2.1. A large number of documents exist in the Society and new documents are being generated every day. It is therefore important that the documents are appropriately retained or disposed of in accordance with this Policy.
- 2.2. Documents take many forms and include, for example, **financial information**, **personnel records**, **legal documents** or **property records**. These records need to be properly retained for a number of reasons, such as to meet the Society's business needs, any relevant regulatory or legal requirements, and to ensure that any records of historic value are preserved.
- 2.3. Information is one of the Society's assets and needs to be managed accordingly. Records management is important not just in terms of managing the Society's storage capacity (both physical and electronic), but also in

¹ Under current data protection legislation, the Society had an obligation to formally appoint a Data Protection Officer (DPO) for its Healthcare businesses. The DPO's role is fulfilled by the Society's DPM.



knowing which documents need to be retained (for legal or evidential reasons) and which documents can (or should) be disposed of.

- 2.4. Information held for longer than is necessary carries additional risk and cost to the Society, and records and information should only be retained for legitimate business use. A clear document retention policy is necessary because:
 - some records must be kept for periods specified by law
 - records can be kept for evidential reasons
 - in some cases, keeping personal data records for longer than necessary can be illegal under the law
 - maintaining physical storage space for paper records is expensive
 - dealing with the accumulation of records on a preventative basis helps to contain potential risks to the Society.

It is therefore important that the Society has in place systems and processes for the efficient retention and secure disposal of documents when these are no longer required for business purposes.

3. Purpose

- 3.1. The key objective of this Policy is to provide colleagues with a simple framework which will govern decisions on whether a particular document should be retained or disposed of. The Policy sets out the length of time the Society's records should be retained for, and the processes for disposing of records at the end of the retention period. The Policy also helps to ensure that the Society operates within the applicable regulatory framework of the Applicable Legislation and any relevant good commercial practices.
- 3.2. It is envisaged the Policy will assist the Society in complying with its legal and regulatory requirements and improve the efficiency with which records are retrieved.

4. Scope

- 4.1. The Policy covers the records listed in **Appendix 1**, irrespective of the media on which they are created or held including:
 - paper



- electronic files (eg. database, Word documents, PowerPoint presentations, spreadsheets, webpages, e-mails etc.)
- photographs, scanned images, USB memory storage devices, CD-ROMs, video tapes and CCTV footage.
- 4.2. The sections above refer to all types of records which the Society may create or hold, such as:
 - customers' and members' personal details
 - minutes of meetings
 - contracts and invoices
 - registers
 - legal advice obtained in the course of business
 - file notes
 - financial accounts and information
 - colleagues' personal data
 - Society's publications.
- 4.3. While the scope of this Policy is wide, it is essential that colleagues are particularly mindful of these guidelines in relation to the processing of people's personal data, to ensure the Society remains compliant with the Applicable Legislation at all times.
- 4.4. Should you be aware of any records missing from those listed in Appendix 1, or where the relevant legislation has changed and retention obligations differ from those listed in Appendix 1, please notify the Society's DPM as soon as possible, so that the Policy can be updated accordingly.

5. Applicability

- 5.1. The Policy applies equally to full-time and part-time colleagues on a substantive or fixed term contract, and to any associated persons who work for the Society such as agency staff, contractors and others employed under a contract of service.
- 5.2. This policy does not form part of any colleague's contract of employment and the Society may amend it at any time.



Minimum Retention Period

- 5.3. Unless a record has been marked for 'permanent preservation', it should only be retained for a limited period of time.
- 5.4. A recommended minimum retention schedule is provided for each category of record in Appendix 1 to this Policy. The retention period applies to all records within that category and the recommended minimum retention period derives from either business needs or legal requirements.

6. Retention and Disposal of Data

- 6.1. Decisions relating to the retention and disposal of documents should be taken in accordance with this Policy, in particular Appendix 1, on the recommended and statutory minimum periods for specific types of documents and records.
- 6.2. Where a retention period for a specific document has expired, a review should always be carried out prior to a decision being taken to dispose of it. Where the decision is taken to dispose of a document, consideration should be given to the method of disposal, particularly where personal data is involved.
- 6.3. Documents containing personal data should be stored safely and securely at all times. Physical documents should be stored in a locked drawer, cabinet or room. Electronic documents should be stored on a secure network drive with appropriate access restrictions. You should also consider password protection of electronic documents and only use an encrypted USB drive, where it is necessary to do so. When sending documents containing personal data by email, the AIP function should be used to ensure the email is appropriately categorised so that the attachments are protected. If you have any questions about how AIP works, you should speak to the DPC for your area.

7. Roles and Responsibilities

7.1. The Executive Team member or COO for each area is ultimately responsible for determining, in accordance with this Policy, whether to retain or dispose of specific documents within their own business area.



- 7.2. Each business group's **Data Protection Champions (DPCs)** are responsible to ensure that the retention and disposal of data is carried out in accordance with this Policy and their Executive Team member or COO's determination.
- 7.3. Further guidance should always be sought from the Society's DPM if uncertain about the appropriate retention period for a particular document.
- 7.4. DPCs are responsible for keeping their business group's retention records up to date.

8. Data Disposal

- 8.1. Where available, confidential waste bins and sacks located around the Society's offices should be used, in order that confidential documents can be destroyed appropriately. It is essential that any documents containing personal data are disposed of in accordance with this Policy, in order to avoid breaches of any provisions under the Applicable Legislation. Any documents containing personal data awaiting destruction must be stored securely, such as in a locked cabinet or room.
- 8.2. If your business group does not have a confidential bins/sacks process in place, the most appropriate solution is to shred the information using the shredders provided by the Society. Colleagues should check with the Property Services via Colleagues Connect to ascertain what document disposal facilities are available.
- 8.3. Disposal of documents other than those containing personal data may be effected by using general waste bins or in recycling bins located around the Society's offices.
- 8.4. For electronic records, the electronic record/document should be permanently deleted including back-ups. Deletions should be carried out by someone with appropriate access to the system from which they are being deleted. Digital documents should be deleted and not overwritten. For the secure destruction of hard drives or laptops, colleagues should refer to the IT department for further guidance.



8.5. When information is destroyed, all copies of the information should be destroyed at the same time (both digital and physical). Information cannot be considered to have been completely destroyed unless all copies have been destroyed as well.

9. Changes to this Policy

9.1. This Policy will be reviewed when and as necessary and, in any case, at least every two years by the Society's DPM.

10. Who to Contact

- 10.1. Colleagues who require further assistance, or have specific queries about data protection compliance, should contact their business group's DPCs in the first instance. Alternatively, colleagues may contact the Society's DPM directly.
- 10.2. **Data Protection Manager (DPM)** email: <u>data-protection@midcounties.coop</u>
- 10.3. **Data Protection Champions (DPCs)** A contact list is available on Colleagues Connect.



APPENDIX 1

Data Retention Schedules

Retention Schedule 1 – Accounting and Tax Records

Record description	Regulatory retention period and source	Recommended retention period	Form in which to be kept	Reasons and remarks
Accounting records to comply with Companies Act 1985/CA 2006	Ltd – 3 years	6 years	Any	Normally 6 years for tax purposes
	PLC – 6 years			
Report and accounts (signed copies)		Keep for as long as the board mins at which accounts approved	Original	Tax evidence/business
Budgets and periodic internal financial reports		At least 6 years, though as long as board mins at which considered	Any	Evidence/Best Practice/Internal Control
Corporation tax records	Later of:	7 years from year end	Originals	



Record description	Regulatory retention period and source	Recommended reten	tion Form in which to be kept	Reasons and remarks
	(a) 6 years from end of assessment period or			
	(b) The completion of any enquiry into the return or			
	(c) The last date on which HMRC may launch an enquiry			
PAYE records	At least 3 years after the end of the tax year to which they relate		Any	
VAT records	6 years [VAT Act]		Any	
SDLT records	Later of: (a) 6 years after the anniversary of the transaction or (b) The completion of any enquiry or			



Record description	Regulatory retention period and source	Recommended retention period	Form in which to be kept	Reasons and remarks
	(c) The last date on which HMRC may launch an enquiry			
Cheques		6 years		Limitation
Bank statements	Ltd 3 years PLC 6 years [CA]			Limitation
Instructions to banks		6 years after ceasing to be effective		Evidence/Limitation



Retention Schedule 2 – Employment and Pension Records

Record description	Regulatory retention period and source	Recommended retention period	Form in which to be kept	Reasons and remarks
Recruitment records for unsuccessful candidates, including job applications, references and interview records		At least 3 months after notifying unsuccessful candidates but no longer than 12 months unless applicants are notified or records are required to defend an action	Any	Evidence to protect against actions for discrimination etc. Data protection principles suggest a short retention period unless applicants are notified otherwise
Personnel and training records ie. applications, qualifications, references, appraisals, disciplinary matters		6 years after employment ceases	Any	Statutory period for bringing claims, although health and safety and medical records may need to be kept for longer
Written particulars of employment, contracts of employment and changes to terms and conditions		6 years after employment ceases	Any	Evidence of compliance: written particulars must be given to employees. Employer does not need to keep a paper copy.
Working time opt-out forms	2 years after the opt-out has been rescinded or has ceased to apply [Working Time Regs 1998]		Originals not required	Statutory



Record description	Regulatory retention period and source	Recommended retention period	Form in which to be kept	Reasons and remarks
Records to show compliance with Working Time Regs incl timesheets	2 years [Working Time Regs 1998]		Any	Statutory
Annual Leave records		Two years	Any	Best Practice
PAYE records				See Retention Schedule [1]
Wage records, incl overtime, bonuses, expenses, bik	3 years after the end of the relevant tax years [Social Security (Contributions) Regs 2001	6 years after the end of the relevant accounting period	Any	See Retention Schedule []
Statutory sick pay records	3 years after the end of the relevant tax year [Statutory Sick Pay (General) Regs 1982			
Statutory maternity pay records	3 years after the end of the tax year in which the maternity pay period ends [Statutory Maternity Pay (General) Regs 1986]			
Bank details		No longer than necessary	Any	Business needs/Data Protection



Record description	Regulatory retention period and source	Recommended retention period	Form in which to be kept	Reasons and remarks
Death benefit nomination forms		While employment continues or 6 years after payment of benefit	Any	
Medical and health records				See Retention Schedule 7
Member information	6 years under the Regs ²		Any	
Pension Scheme trust deeds and rules		Life of the scheme	Originals	If merged with another scheme, 12 years after merging
Statement of principles and policies required by s.35 Pensions Act 1995		12 years after revision	Any	Evidence/Limitation
Pension Scheme investment policies		12 years after final cessation of any benefit payable under the policy	Any	Evidence/Limitation
Revenue approvals		Life of scheme	Originals	Best practice

² Employer pension records re automatic enrolment under Employers' Duties (Registration and Compliance) Regs 2010



Retention Schedule 3 – Property Records

Record description	Regulatory retention period and source	Recommended retention period	Form in which to be kept	Reasons and remarks
Title Deeds		Until sold or transferred	Original	Will be transferred to new owner
Leases (signed copies)		15 years after expiry	Original	
Subletting agreements		15 years after expiry	Original	
Wayleave agreements		15 years after expiry	Original	
Landlord's consents		15 years after expiry	Original	
Licences		15 years after expiry	Original	
Planning consents		Until property sold	Original	Commercial
Asset registers		Permanently	Any	
Specifications		Up to 25 years	Any	Evidence/Limitation/Business needs



Record description	Regulatory retention period and source	Recommended retention period	Form in which to be kept	Reasons and remarks
Maintenance contracts and related files		6/12 years after end of contract depending on whether contract or deed	Originals	Evidence/Limitation



Retention Schedule 4 – Contracts

Record description	Regulatory retention period and source	Recommended retention period	Form in which to be kept	Reasons and remarks
Contracts executed as a Deed		12 years after performance	Original	Tax/Limitation
Other contracts		6 years after performance	Any, though original if of significant value	Tax/Limitation
Contracts relating to building, maintenance, repairs etc.		15 years after performance	Any, though original if of significant value	Limitation (longer because of the possibility of latent damage)



Retention Schedule 5 - Sales

Record description	Regulatory retention period and source	Recommended retention period	Form in which to be kept	Reasons and remarks
Standard terms and conditions		6 years	Any	Tax/Limitation
Marketing consents		While still on an active marketing list	Any	
Requests to be removed from marketing lists		Until person has been removed		Name should also be added to a permanent exception list rather than deleted from a database altogether



Retention Schedule 6 – Insurance Records

Record description	Regulatory retention period and source	Recommended retention period	Form in which to be kept	Reasons and remarks
Insurance policies, proposal forms, renewal notices and certificates		Until claims under policy are barred and all outstanding claims are settled	Original preferable	Tax/Commercial
Claims correspondence		At least 3 years after settlement	Any	Normally keep for longer for business purposes



Retention Schedule 7 – Health & Safety and Medical Records

Record description	Regulatory retention period and source	Recommended retention period	Form in which to be kept	Reasons and remarks			
Health and Safety	Health and Safety at Work Act 1974						
Health and Safety Policy	All employers must have one [HSWA]	Permanent	Original in paper form	Statutory/Evidence/Evidence of compliance			
Risk Assessments carried out under Health and Safety at Work Regs 1999	Until superseded by a later assessment	Permanent	Any	Statutory/Evidence/Evidence of compliance			
Health and safety training records		Permanent		Compliance			
RIDDOR Regs 199	95						
Records of any reportable occurrence	3 years [RIDDOR]	Permanent	Any	Statutory/Evidence			
Accident book required by	3 years	Permanent	Any	Statutory			



Record description	Regulatory retention period and source	Recommended retention period	Form in which to be kept	Reasons and remarks	
Social Security (Claims and Payments) Regs 1979					
COSHH Regs 2002 Control of Asbestos at Work Regs 2002					
Significant findings of asbestos risk assessment			Any	Statutory	
Plan or work	Duration of the work at the premises		Paper	Statutory	
Maintenance records	5 years		Any	Statutory	



Retention Schedule 8 – Company Records

Record description	Regulatory retention period and source	Recommended retention period	Form in which to be kept	Reasons and remarks
Register of directors/secretaries/charges etc	Life of company [CA]		Any form	
Copies of legal charge	Life of company [CA]		Originals	
Certificate of Incorporation/change of name		Life of company	Original	Evidence
Memorandum and Articles of Association		Life of company	Original	Evidence
Copies of resolutions	Whilst in force [CA]		Any	
Directors service contracts	At least 1 year for inspection [CA]	6 years after termination or expiry	Any	Limitation



Retention Schedule 9 – Meetings and Minutes

Record description	Regulatory retention period and source	Recommended retention period	Form in which to be kept	Reasons and remarks
Agenda papers for board meetings		For at least as long as the minutes of the relevant meeting are held	Original copy signed by Chairman	Limitation/commercial
Board minutes (signed) and written resolutions	10 years for meetings held on or after 1.10.2007 [CA 2006]. Permanently for meetings held before that date [CA 1985]	Life of the company	Usually paper and electronic form	



Retention Schedule 10 - Legal Records

Record description	Regulatory retention period and source	Recommended retention period	Form in which to be kept	Reasons and remarks
Intellectual property records				
Certificates of registration		6 years after cessation of registration	Originals	Evidence/Limitation. Copy also held in Registry
Assignments/licences		6 years after expiry	Originals	Evidence/Limitation